SWOT Analysis

STRENGTHS

- 1. Compliance with laws and regulations.
- 2. Carrying out works on time, carefully and orderly.
- 3. Working in harmony with academic and administrative units.
- 4. Aptitude for teamwork.
- 5. Dedicated personnel.
- 6. Top-management support.
- 7. Transparent and collaborative leadership.
- 8. Presence of in-house tolerance and reconciliation culture.
- 9. Personnel open to change and innovation.

WEAKNESSES

- 1. Lack of cooperation in scientific studies within the Graduate Schools of the University.
- 2. Lack of adequate libraries and easy access to information.
- 3. Lack of scientific publications.
- 4. Absence of quality control system in thesis process and consultancy.
- 5. Lack of relations with the stakeholders of the institute.
- 6. Absence of Alumni-Institute relations.
- 7. Lack of publicity and public relations.
- 8. Lack of communication with other universities' institutes.
- 9. Absence of foreign language education.
- 10. Lack of collaboration with universities abroad for faculty and student exchange.
- 11. Lack of emphasis to student exchange programs such as Erasmus.
- 12. Insufficient number of applicants for research projects.
- 13. Absence of a peer-reviewed institute journal at the national level.
- 14. Insufficient budget.

OPPORTUNITIES

- 1. Increase in the cooperation with the European Union institutions.
- 2. European Union student and faculty exchange programs.
- 3. Increase in international competition.
- 4. Increase in the need for qualified personnel.
- 5. Increase in the emphasis placed and budget separated to R&D in our country.
- 6. Proliferation of distance learning.
- 7. Efforts / Attempts of cooperation among universities in the region.
- 8. Efforts of cooperation between public institutions and organizations.
- 9. University-industry collaboration efforts.
- 10. Scientific and Technological Research Unit support to theses.
- 11. Improvement process of physical facilities and infrastructure of institute and departments.

THREATS

- 1. Uncertainty in regulations related to the higher education.
- 2. Gradual decrease in budget separated to the universities.
- 3. Proliferation of distance learning.
- 4. Absence of foreign language education.
- 5. Absence of research opportunities of faculty due to excess in workload.
- 6. Adverse effects of amnesty laws to the quality of education.
- 7. Decreasing attractiveness of being an academic as a profession.
- 8. Insufficient number of faculty in some departments.
- 9. Ignoring the investment in human resources.
- 10. Reducing the number of scholarship by centralizing.